



Salsa and Gitlab
cool and not so well known features
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Overview

Introduction

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Gitlab

salsa.debian.org

API

CI - Continues Integration

Merge Requests

issue boards

Manipulation of things per commit

Pages

Unsorted goodies

The end - your feedback

The end - your feedback

Who am I

- ▶ Debian Contributor since 1999
- ▶ Debian Developer since 2003
- ▶ Debian Listmaster
- ▶ Debian Backports ftpmaster
- ▶ salsa Admin

And otherwise

- ▶ Open Source Consultant @credativ
- ▶ Father of two wonderful girls
- ▶ RPG and tabletop nerd

We need you!



Gitlab



- ▶ Ruby on Rails based
- ▶ Scalable
- ▶ started as a Github clone
- ▶ Open Core

- ▶ Based on gitlab
- ▶ managed via Ansible
- ▶ 5.200 Users
- ▶ 31.800 Projects occupying 425 GB

Gitlab has a nice API to do things. Use it.

<https://docs.gitlab.com/ee/api/>

About using curl

Please use a library and please use paging

Basics

API Token

Start with creating your API token

https://salsa.debian.org/profile/personal_access_tokens

Authenticated Requests

```
$ curl --header  
→ "PRIVATE-TOKEN:$GITLAB_API_PRIVATE_TOKEN"  
→ https://salsa.debian.org/api/v4/$resource
```

Check for a project

Hint: do not call /projects

```
PROJECT=security-tracker-team/security-tracker  
GET https://salsa.debian.org/$project
```

Check for a project

```
GROUP="debian-security"
NAME="security-tracker"
GET $API/projects/$GROUP%2F$NAME 2>/dev/null | jq
→ .description
"Debian Security Tracker"
```

Subscribe to an issue

```
curl -XPOST $API/projects/5/issues/93/subscribe
```

Do not use curl

Please use a library!

- ▶ <https://python-gitlab.readthedocs.io/en/stable/>
- ▶ <https://metacpan.org/release/GitLab-API-v4>
- ▶ <https://github.com/xanzy/go-gitlab>
- ▶ <https://github.com/NARKOZ/gitlab>

The salsa tool

```
salsa --help
usage: salsa <command> <parameters> <options>
```

Most used commands:

- whoami : gives information on the token owner
- checkout, co: clone repo in current dir
- fork : fork a project
- mr : create a merge request
- push_repo : push **local** git repo to upstream
→ repository

Introduction

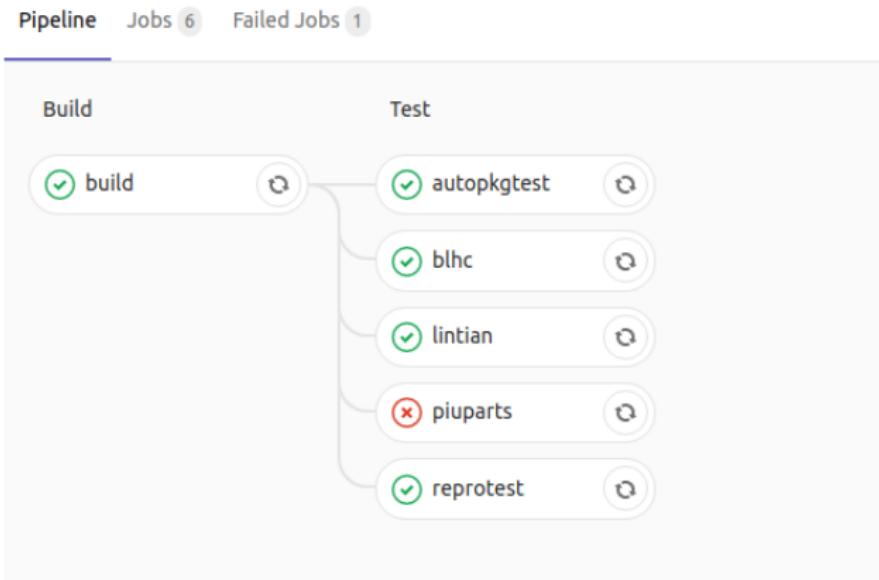
Gitlab integrates a powerful CI tool which you can use to build and test your Code/Packages/Websites and so on.

<https://docs.gitlab.com/ce/ci/>

gitlabci config

```
before_script:  
  - apt-get install rubygems ruby-dev -y  
  
run-test:  
  script:  
    - ruby --version
```

Webfrontend



gitlab-ci linter

```
1/  
18    | - `*.map`  
19    | expire_in: 1 week
```

Validate

Status: syntax is correct

Parameter	Value
	<pre>bundle install --path vendor/bundle\nsed -i -e 's#/etc/apache2##' aliothrewriter.toml\nncat aliothrewriter.t</pre> <pre>bundle exec ruby bin/AliothRewriter\nfind .\ntest -f anonscm.map</pre> <pre></pre>
Test Job - build_definition	<p>Tag list: docker Only policy: refs, branches, tags Except policy: Environment: When: on_success</p>

- ▶ Pipeline provided by the salsa-ci team
- ▶ covers Debian package building
- ▶ can create apt repositories
- ▶ also covers several QA tools like:
 - ▶ Lintian
 - ▶ Autopkgtests
 - ▶ Piuparts
 - ▶ and probably a lot others

Check the Salsa CI Dokumentation

salsa-ci - Example

```
image: registry.salsa.debian.org/salsa-ci-team/ci-image  
  ↳ e-git-buildpackage:latest

build:  
  artifacts:  
    paths:  
      - "*.deb"  
    expire_in: 1 day  
  script:  
    - gitlab-ci-git-buildpackage-all
```

Manipulate merge requests via git

```
git push -o merge_request.create
```

Create a merge request from git

```
git push -o merge_request.target=branch_name
```

Update target branch name for request

Even more manipulation

```
git push -o merge_request.create -o  
→ merge_request.target=branch_name
```

Do both in one step

```
git push -o  
→ merge_request.merge_when_pipeline_succeeds
```

Update merge request to merge when pipeline succeeds

Even more manipulation

```
git push -o merge_request.create -o  
→ merge_request.merge_when_pipeline_succeeds
```

Do both in one step

issue boards



You can use issue boards to manage your todos and other tasks of you and your team(s)

A screenshot of a GitLab issue board titled "Issue Boards". The board has several columns: "Planning", "Deliverable", "Next Patch Release", and "GitHub import results".

- Planning:** Contains issues like "Clean up 'FillFileStore' background migrations with 'BackgroundMigration.steal'" (status: Open, 12946 comments, 1303 users) and "Clean up 'ArchiveLegacyTraces' background migrations with 'BackgroundMigration.steal'" (status: Open, 46906 comments, 1 user).
- Deliverable:** Contains issues like "Suggest change to a single line in merge request diff comment" (status: Open, 250 comments, 265 users), "Reverse lookups of hashed repository storage paths" (status: Open, 48527 comments, 13 users), and "Skip per commit Checks::ChangeAccess which have already passed on another change/branch" (status: Open, 44679 comments, 3 users).
- Next Patch Release:** Contains issues like "Error 500 caused by attempting to access root_ref via Gitlab: Gitlab::CommandError: 13" (status: Open, 10 comments, 0 users) and "MR Won't Merge After Poll Timeout" (status: Open, 41795 comments, 0 users).
- Github import results:** Contains issues like "GitHub import results in 404 due to not having a default branch" (status: Open, 40107 comments, 0 users) and "Add modal confirmation to pages domain" (status: Open, 0 comments, 0 users).

The interface includes search/filtering, edit board, add list, and add issues buttons at the top.

Introduction

There are several options to manipulate stuff by committing code and special commit messages.

Close Bugs per commit

To close bugs on commit by including our close webhook into your project.

`https://webhook.salsa.debian.org/close/SOURCENAME`

Where SOURCENAME is the name of the sourcepackage where you want to close bugs in. Other options are listed in the documentation.

Mark Bugs pending per commit

To mark bugs pending on commit by including our tagpending webhook into your project.

`https://webhook.salsa.debian.org/tagpending/SOURCENAME`

Where SOURCENAME is the name of the sourcepackage where you want to mark bugs in. Other options are listed in the documentation.

Contribute webhooks

If you want to have more functionality and don't want to host the hook on your own: please write a plugin for our webhook daemon!

Pages

You can host your documentation/pages/blog/... within pages.debian.net by creating gitlab ci job in your project and pushing it to salsa. If you need more complicated things, use gitlab-ci to build your pages.

pages example

```
image: registry.gitlab.com/pages/hugo:latest
variables:
  GIT_SUBMODULE_STRATEGY: recursive

test:
  script:
    - hugo
  except:
    - master

pages:
  script:
    - hugo
  artifacts:
    paths:
      - public
  only:
    - master
```

Unsorted goodies

Reset your 2fa codes via ssh

```
ssh git@salsa.debian.org 2fa_recovery_codes
```

Create a repo by push

Achtung! They will be private after creation.

Your feedback



Feedback

Do you have anything to share about
gitlab/salsa?

Please check our docs and help us to improve them.

<https://salsa.debian.org/formorer/minidebconf2019talk/>